AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Substitute the following paragraph for the paragraph beginning at page 1, line 15 and continuing to page 2, line 7 of the specification:

As an enclosure bag for enclosing a positive electrode, a negative electrode, electrolytic solution and so on constituting a non-aqueous electrolyte battery and taking out each of the lead wires for the positive positive and the negative electrode to the outside and for enclosing also these lead wires, a composite material laminated with a plastic in which a metal foil or a vacuum-deposited metal layer is interposed in a sandwich-like form is used. Such an enclosure bag requires that the plastic held contacting with the electrolytic solution on at least inner side does not dissolve in the electrolyte, so that an enclosure bag is proposed, in which the sealing reliability is remarkably increased by using a maleic acid-modofied acid-modified polyolefin resin for the inner most layer and by constructing the heat sealing part by this maleic acid-modified polyolefin resin (Japanese Patent Kokai Hei 9-283101 A).

Substitute the following paragraph for the paragraph at page 9, lines 13-16 of the specification:

(24) The flexible package as defined in any one of the above (18) to (23), wherein the graft-modified polyolefin resin is a graft-modified polyethylene resin or a gradft modified graft-modified polypropylene resin.

Substitute the following paragraph for the paragraph beginning at page 12, line 3 of the specification:

As the polypropylene, homopolymers of propylene, copolymers of propylene with, usually, not greater than 20 mole % of an fiolefin having two or more carbon atoms other than propylene,
copolymers of propylene with ethylenically unsaturated carboxylic
acids or derivatives thereof and so on may be recited. As the
polyethylene, homopolymers of ethylene, copolymers of ethylene
with, usually, not greater than 20 mole % of an fi-olefin of 3
or more carbon atoms and copolymers
of ethylene with ethylenically unsaturated earbxylic carboxylic
acids or derivatives thereof may be recited. In the case of
copolymers, they may either be random copolymers or blockcopolymers. For the ethylenically unsaturated carboxylic acids
or derivatives thereof mentioned above to be co-polymerized with

propylene or with ethylene erthylene, the same ones with those which will be described afterward may be used. As the not yet modified polyolefin resin, homopolymers of propylene, copolymer of propylene with $f\dot{c}$ -olefins, homopolymers of ethylene and copolymers of ethylene with $f\dot{c}$ -olefins are preferable. They may be used either each alone or in a combination of two or more of them.

Substitute the following paragraph for the paragraph beginning at page 19, line 13 and continuing to page 20, line 2:

As detailed above, the laminate laminate according to the present invention is superior not only in the adhesive strength between the metal layer and the adhesive resin layer but also in the fastness to organic polar solvents or to salts and does not suffer from occurrence of interlayer separation even in contact with a non-aqueous solvent or the like, since the laminate is made by forming on the metal layer a surface-treated layer and laying thereon the adhesive resin layer under intermediation by a primer coating layer. For this reason, batteries in which the laminate is used as the seal film for sealing the electrolyte of the battery or as the protection film for protecting the electrode part of the battery and secondary batteries in which the laminate is used as the seal film for

sealing the electrolyte of the secondary battery or as the protection film for protecting the electrode part of the secondary battery can be used in a stable manner over a prolonged period of time.

Substitute the following Example 6 for the Example 6 at page 22 of the specification:

EXAMPLE 6

Test was carried out in the same manner as in EXAMPLE 2, except that maleic anhydride-modified polypropylene polyprolypene (MFR = 7 g/10 min., grafted amount of maleic anhydride = 0.15 %) was used for the adhesive resin film. The results are recited in Table 1.